



Report on Youth Dialogue Program

Kashmir Conflict Series (Session I)

Date: November 30, 2024

Introduction

The Kashmir Policy Research Institute (KPRI) organized the first session of its Youth Dialogue Program – Kashmir Conflict Series on November 30, 2024. The event was held in the institute's conference hall and focused on engaging young leaders, students, and professionals in discussions about the Kashmir conflict. The program provided a platform for participants to share ideas and understand the issue better, encouraging them to play an active role in the



Kashmir movement. The event included students, youth leaders, and professionals and had three sessions, each addressing an important aspect of the conflict. It ended with a certificate distribution and feedback session.

Structure of the Program

Opening and Participant Engagement

The program commenced with the recitation of the Holy Quran, followed by a warm welcome and introductory remarks by Mr. Syed Usman Ali Bukhari, Assistant Director of KPRI, who served as the Stage Secretary. He elaborated on the objectives of KPRI and the purpose of the Youth Dialogue Program, highlighting its role in fostering informed dialogue and empowering youth leaders. Participants actively engaged in discussions, shared perspectives, and presented innovative ideas and solutions. Their contributions underscored the critical role of youth in shaping narratives and influencing policy-making processes related to the Kashmir conflict.

Session I: A Brief Overview of the Kashmir Conflict

Resource Person: Dr. Raja Muhammad Sajjad Khan

Dr. Raja Sajjad Khan provided a detailed historical overview of the Kashmir conflict, tracing its origins to the events surrounding the partition of the Indian subcontinent in 1947. He explained the emergence of the Kashmir dispute, focusing on the political complexities and the involvement of the United



Nations. He elaborated on key UN resolutions, mediation efforts, and the differing perspectives of India and Pakistan, which have contributed to the ongoing stalemate over Kashmir.

In his session, Dr. Sajjad highlighted the significant role misinformation plays in exacerbating conflicts, using the Kashmir issue as a prime example. He emphasized how distorted narratives hinder resolution efforts and lead to confusion on global platforms. Participants were encouraged to critically analyze information, separate facts from propaganda, and actively counter misinformation to develop a clearer understanding of the conflict.

The session provided participants with a thorough understanding of the historical and diplomatic dimensions of the Kashmir conflict. He emphasized the need for informed advocacy, urging participants to approach the issue with critical thinking and a balanced perspective. His insights aimed to inspire meaningful discussions and foster a proactive approach to addressing misinformation and promoting constructive dialogue.

Session II: Legal Aspects of the Kashmir Conflict

Resource Person: Justice (R) Syed Manzoor Hussain Gillani



The second session was conducted by Justice (R) Syed Manzoor Hussain Gilani, who shared valuable insights on the history of Jammu and Kashmir. He explained that before March 16, 1846, the regions now known as Jammu, Kashmir, Ladakh, Gilgit-Baltistan, and Azad Kashmir were separate entities with distinct identities. The Treaty of Amritsar on March 16, 1846, unified these territories into the state of Jammu and Kashmir. He rejected the claim of a 5,000-year history, asserting that

the region only became a unified entity after the Treaty, with the areas falling under Ranjit Singh's empire prior to that.

He detailed the role of Gulab Singh in the state's formation, noting that he extended his control over several regions under Ranjit Singh's authority. Gulab Singh's intelligence and diplomatic skill allowed him to create a state, leading to the creation of Jammu and Kashmir as a political entity. Initially named the State of Jammu, Kashmir, Tibet, and Aksai Chin, the name was eventually shortened to "Kashmir" due to shifting political circumstances. He referenced

Maharaja Karan Singh's interview with CNN, where he identified himself as from Jammu, not Kashmir, stating, "Kashmir was my state." This, according to Justice Gilani, reflects how regions like Poonch have lost their distinct identities, with residents now identifying as Kashmiris.

He also discussed the impact of the Indian Independence Act of 1947, which nullified treaties like the Treaty of Amritsar. He emphasized the formation of Azad Kashmir on October 24, 1947, when these areas had already broken away from the Maharaja's control, undermining his authority to accede to India.

In conclusion, Justice Gilani criticized India's attempts to undermine United Nations resolutions and its inconsistent stance on the Kashmir issue, which have complicated the conflict. He stressed the need to address these legal and historical realities to uphold the aspirations of the people of Jammu and Kashmir. His insights provide a clearer understanding of the historical developments that shaped the region and the complexities surrounding the Kashmir conflict.

Session III: The Human Cost of Kashmir Conflict

Resource Person: Altaf Hussain Wani (Chairman KIIR)

In the third session, Mr. Altaf Hussain Wani, Chairman of the Kashmir Institute of International Relations, presented a detailed account of the grave human rights violations and the devastating impact of the Kashmir conflict. He highlighted that, since 1990, the region has been engulfed in systematic violence, resulting in widespread civilian casualties, mass displacement, and destruction of infrastructure. He shared that 96,373 killings have occurred over the decades, including 7,365



custodial deaths. Additionally, 172,304 civilians have been arrested, 22,980 women widowed, and 107,971 children orphaned. Disturbingly, 11,265 women have been subjected to gang rape or molestation during this period.

Mr. Wani also shed light on the human cost of the conflict since August 5, 2019, a period marked by intensified oppression. He reported 940 killings, 2,449 cases of torture or critical

injuries, and 25,365 civilian arrests in this time. The destruction of 1,123 structures, alongside the widowing of 72 women and the orphaning of 193 children, has further compounded the suffering of the Kashmiri people. Additionally, 134 women have faced sexual violence since this recent phase of escalation.

In terms of infrastructure, Mr. Wani presented alarming data from 1990 to 2001, indicating the widespread destruction of civilian property. A total of 1,932 shops, 1,063 residential houses, 11 hospitals, 333 bridges, 633 educational institutions, and 1,134 government buildings were destroyed, highlighting the extensive material cost of the conflict.

Concluding his presentation, Mr. Wani urged the youth to take a proactive role in uncovering and documenting these violations. He emphasized the importance of evidence-based reporting and global advocacy to amplify the voices of the oppressed and draw international attention to the humanitarian crisis in Kashmir. He encouraged participants to act as ambassadors of justice, using their platforms to raise awareness and advocate for the rights and dignity of the Kashmiri people.

Certificate Distribution Ceremony

At the conclusion of the program, Mr. Altaf Hussain Wani and Dr. Raja Muhammad Sajad



Khan distributed certificates among the participants. Feedback was collected, with attendees expressing their appreciation for the initiative and recommending additional sessions to enhance learning and engagement. Participants suggested extending the duration of such workshops to allow for deeper discussions and greater awareness.

Feedback.

KASHMIR POLICY RESEARCH INSTITUTE KASHMIR POLICY RESEARCH INSTITUTE KPRI- YDP (KASHMIR CONFLICT SERIES WORKSHOP -1) KPRI- YDP (KASHMIR CONFLICT SERIES WORKSHOP +1) FEEDBACK FORM FEEDBACK FORM (Please provide brief views on the following) (Please provide brief views on the following) 1. Your Comments on Session 17 Your Comments on Session 1? was really insightful 14 In the first open session, six lold us about the historical It inclu Session. overview of Kedmin Hitmy background of the Kashmir and the Kashmir conflict Very Informative. a A learned alot from this open session regarding the background and the vocis of this Kashnir conflict. Sug 2. Comments on session 27 2. Comments on session 2? This cession was totally possibility." Point out sine legal bases down that Part. This ression provider the knowledge on the legal aspects Juste Marzar fine and is Kashmir at the time of partition From this & learned that we have to seek for solution on this conflict based on ground realities 3. Comments on acssion 37 Comments on session 37. Mr. Wavi clobride the human autissecond and diport support of it in vory discriptione way. The thing Blut Practe it vory interching and Compton chen Blut Practe it vory interching and Compton chen This session expands the knowledge on the human cest of the Kashmir conflict. From this, I leaved about connectivity, 3. Con upped of it pruducing literature, human rights and self-determination etc 4. How did this workshop benefit you? It benefits me in galaing more knowledge about the Karbon's conflict in poulti-domensional aspects to resolve this conflict and in seeking different solutions, to resolve this conflict with the best of my knowledge and effects. 5. Deficiencies in the workshop? 4. How did this workshop benefit you? It overall increase knowledge als I mpliet Kahmer's holony and A baren't find any deficiency in this insightful markshap. It is an impactful experience indeed. 5. Deficiencies in the workshop? - Intendictor, Sen should be held in port segues semin · Inconformate detroties. 6. General Suggestions for KPRI Keep organizing such events, conferences and seminars 6. General Suggestions for KPRI regarding the Kashmir conflict promoting public awareness and knowledge so that they can also contribute Signature Ararda Name Arresho Malik guature ma Grida 1 12/ 10 18 B. 4. 21. 1. KASHMIR POLICY RESEARCH INSTITUTE KASHMIR POLICY RESEARCH INSTITUTE KPRI- YDP (KASHMIR CONFLICT SERIES WORKSHOP -1) KPRI- YDP (KASHMIR CONFLICT SERIES WORKSHOP 1) FEEDBACK FORM FEEDBACK FORM (Please provide brief views on the following) (Please provide brief views on the following) 1. Your Comments on Session 17 1. Your Comments on Session 17 Star Setting with Dr. Signed alon, going is any answer The. Cpt-Section multich had been conducting by Or Silled Kham the by yeary prote and clear all my minimplepe of backness contract and answer on quitines along as about thereastly a manuality wown about hickory of JSk the gree me all assures a goodewe adde I have been 2. Comments on session 27 2. Comments on session 27 The sension of hard been conducting by Justice retained management of the tending method is very grant and he did him sension way well and service with Technol (R) Speed Mansoor Giber about legal 3. Comments on session 37 3. Comments on session 37 Server and your out of the conflict Divers, the better of balance serves that they fails and enjoyed He participand among him. 4. How did this workshop benefit you? This was no description of the part of the part of the second of the sec this workshop benefits me abl gives is a alelform to talle breedonty about pathoes conflict and share 5. Deficiencies in the workshop?) don't think there is any deficiency in this workhop. Exceptions is project. in there's any delicing 1 den 11 Mak in the merkshop-6. General Suggestions for KPRJ 6. General Suggestions for KPRJ Copie us more apportunities, give us more All perfect. lives #1 mane. epper knikes workship to clear as thoughts and Costages of At confidence Signature Hit Name South Mafen Shaham Signature Spido deer faltma チャヤ

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Conclusion

The Youth Dialogue Program – Kashmir Conflict Series (Session I) was a resounding success in raising awareness among young participants about the historical, legal, and humanitarian aspects of the Kashmir conflict. The program not only equipped attendees with in-depth knowledge but also encouraged the development of critical thinking and informed advocacy skills. Through engaging discussions, participants explored practical approaches to address the conflict, laying a strong foundation for actionable solutions.

Furthermore, the session fostered leadership and advocacy skills among youth leaders and professionals, empowering them to contribute meaningfully to the ongoing discourse and efforts surrounding the Kashmir issue. This initial session has set the stage for subsequent installments in the series, ensuring continuity and a more profound impact in advancing the cause of justice, peace, and progress in the region.

Media Coverage

The event received significant attention from local and regional media outlets, which highlighted its role in promoting youth engagement and fostering dialogue on the Kashmir conflict. Media coverage emphasized the program's impact on empowering the younger generation and raising awareness about the region's challenges and aspirations.



















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